## Line Voltage \& Phase Sequence Detector

- Indicates Normal Condition
- Shows Missing Phase


## - Indicates Phase Sequence ABC or CBA

## DESCRIPTION

The Model 208A \& 208D Line Voltage \& Phase Sequence Detectors allows quick and easy determination of phase sequence (either ABC or CBA).

Available in $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and 400 Hz versions, this unit can also show that all phases are present, or if one or more phases are lost, it indicates which of the phases are missing.

To use, connect the Detector to any 3-phase circuit, Wye or Delta. In proper phase sequence, and with all phases present, the $A B C$ lamp, and the three line voltage lamps will illuminate. An open phase condition will illuminate both rotation lamps and only two line voltage lamps. See the Condition Chart.

## SPECIFICATIONS

| MODEL | 208A-208/240V | 208A-480V | 208D-208/240V |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 400 Hz |
| Connection Time | Continuous |  |  |
| Leads | Fly leads $(22$ ga/600V) |  |  |
| Weight | 3.2 oz. |  |  |
| Enclosure Material | ABS plastic |  |  |


| CONDITION <br> CHART | LAMP(S) LIT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ABC | CBA | A | B | c |
| CBA ROTATION |  |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| PHASE A MISSING | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| PHASE B MISSING | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |
| PHASE C MISSING | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |

## DIMENSIONS



## READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE INSTALLING, OPERATING OR SERVICING THIS DEVICE. KEEP THIS DATA SHEET FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

## GENERAL SAFETY

POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT AT THE TERMINALS OF THE MODELS 208A OR D DETECTORS. ALL ELECTRICAL POWER SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN CONNECTING OR DISCONNECTING WIRING. THIS DEVICE AND WIRING SHOULD BE INSTALLED AND SERVICED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

## OPERATOR INSTRUCTIONS

## CONNECTION

Connect the three leads to the 3-phase power source as shown on the back of the Model 208.
Apply AC power. One of the detector lamps should illuminate indicating the phase sequence as connected. If the desired phase sequence is not lit, change any two of the three leads.
Read the 3-phase designation on the front panel; then connect corresponding leads to your equipment. If both lamps illuminate, check for a loss of voltage on one of the three phases. If neither lamp illuminates, check for a loss of voltage.

## 3-PHASE POWER BASICS

In 3-phase power, there are three lines which carry the voltage normally designated as A-B-C. In some installations, however, they may be designated L1-L2-L3, or T1-T2-T3. The phase sequence as generated is A-B-C.
As the voltage on these lines rotates through 360 degrees, phase B lags phase A by 120 degrees; while phase C lags phase A by 240 degrees. The voltage on each of these lines vary as shown in figure 1, a graph of voltage versus degrees of rotation.
figure 1.

figure 2.


If all phases are shown on the same graph, they would appear as shown in figure 2.

Pictured on a rotating phasor diagram, the angle between each phase is fixed at 120 degrees as they rotate in unison at the line frequency (see figure 3).

From figure 4, you can see if any two phases are reversed, the direction of rotation will be in the opposite direction. This reversal of the rotating sequence will cause motors to run in the opposite direction. Many other types of equipment are phase sensitive and will not perform as intended if the phase sequence is incorrect.
figure 3.

figure 4.


## WARRANTY

This product is warranted to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for one year. Should this device fail to operate, we will repair it for one year from the date of manufacture. For complete warranty details, see the Terms and Conditions of Sales page in the front section of the Time Mark catalog or contact Time Mark at 1-800-862-2875.

